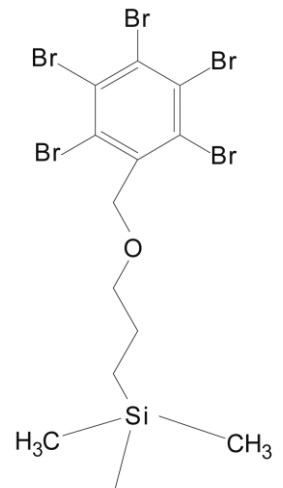


COSMOSIL / COSMOCORE

PBr

Pentabromobenzyl group bonded HPLC column

- Stronger retention; Very Polar Compounds
- Separate hydrophilic compounds in reversed phase conditions
- Greater sample loading capacity than HILIC
- Alternative selectivity to C18 column

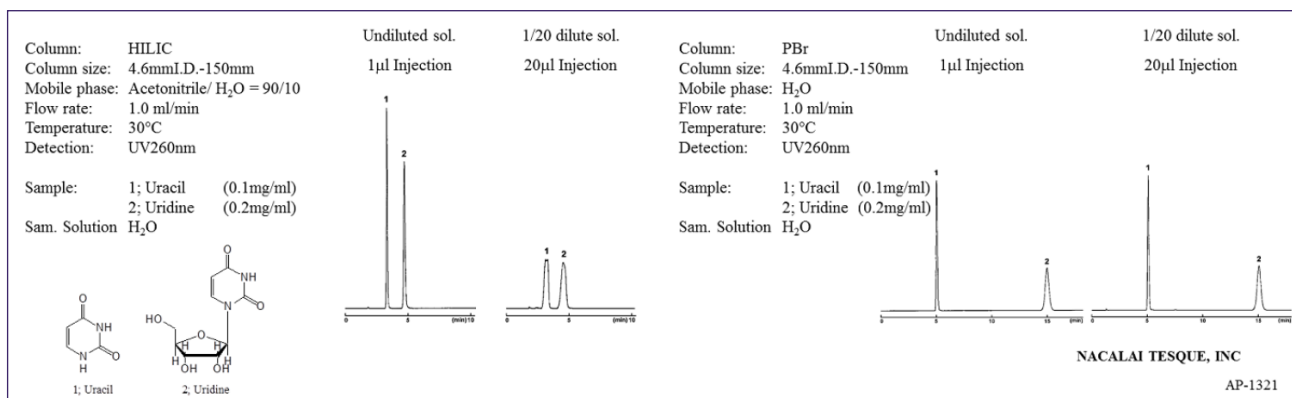


Physical characteristics

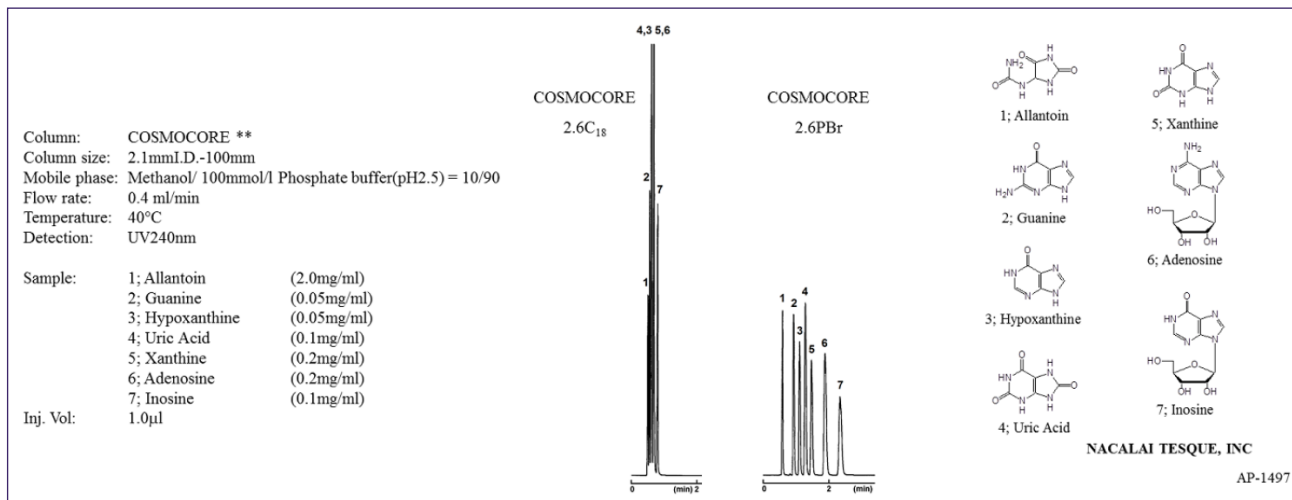
	COSMOCORE PBr	COSMOSIL PBr
Silica Gel	Core-shell Silica Gel	High Purity Porous Spherical Silica
Average Particle Size	2.6 μm	1.8 μm 3 μm , 5 μm
Average Pore Size	9 nm	12 nm
Specific Surface Area	150 m^2/g	340 m^2/g 300 m^2/g
Stationary Phase	Pentabromobenzyl Group	
End-capping	Near-perfect Treatment	
pH range	2 – 7.5	

Separation of hydrophilic compounds in reversed-phase conditions

Hydrophilic interaction chromatography (HILIC) is an increasingly popular analytical technique. However, it is often difficult to develop a robust method due to users' less familiarity with HILIC conditions. Furthermore, high concentration of acetonitrile used in HILIC mobile phase makes it extremely sensitive to samples' water concentration; injecting samples in high water concentration often results in poor peak shapes. COSMOSIL PBr enables separation of hydrophilic compounds in reversed phase conditions, maintaining sharp peak shapes even with aqueous samples.

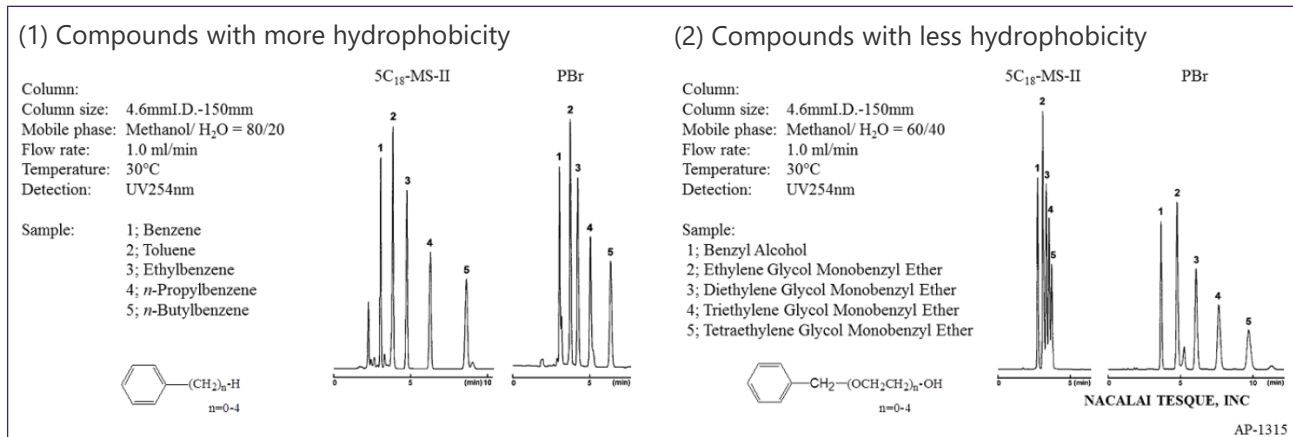


Nucleic acid metabolites



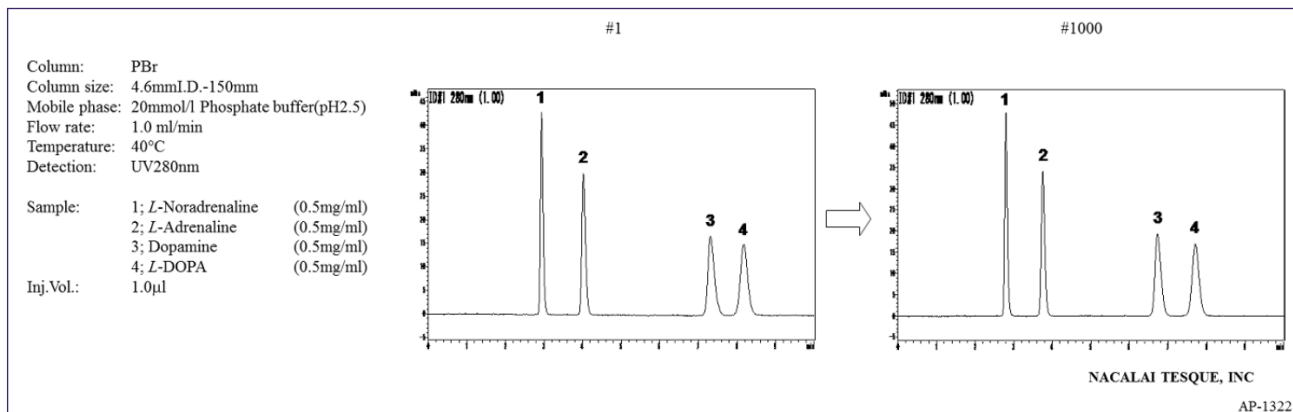
Separation mechanism

In reversed-phase chromatography, compounds are separated by difference in hydrophobicity (the number of CH₂ bases, see chromatogram on the left (1)). Compounds with little hydrophobicity (the number of OCH₂CH₂, see chromatogram on the right (2)), are not retained by a C18 column. However, these compounds can easily be separated by dispersion force interaction using the COSMOSIL PBr column.



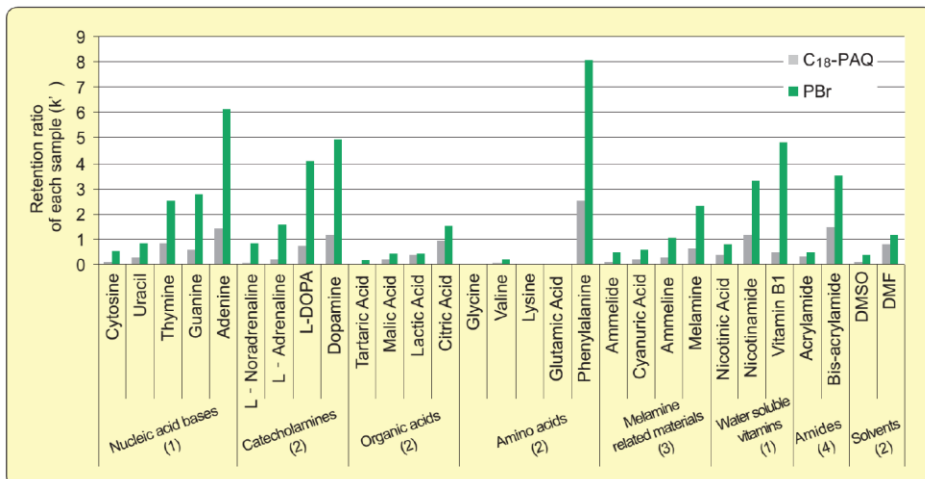
Column stability test

COSMOSIL PBr column remains stable after 1,000 injections under 100% aqueous condition.



Suitable compounds to analyze by COSMOSIL PBr

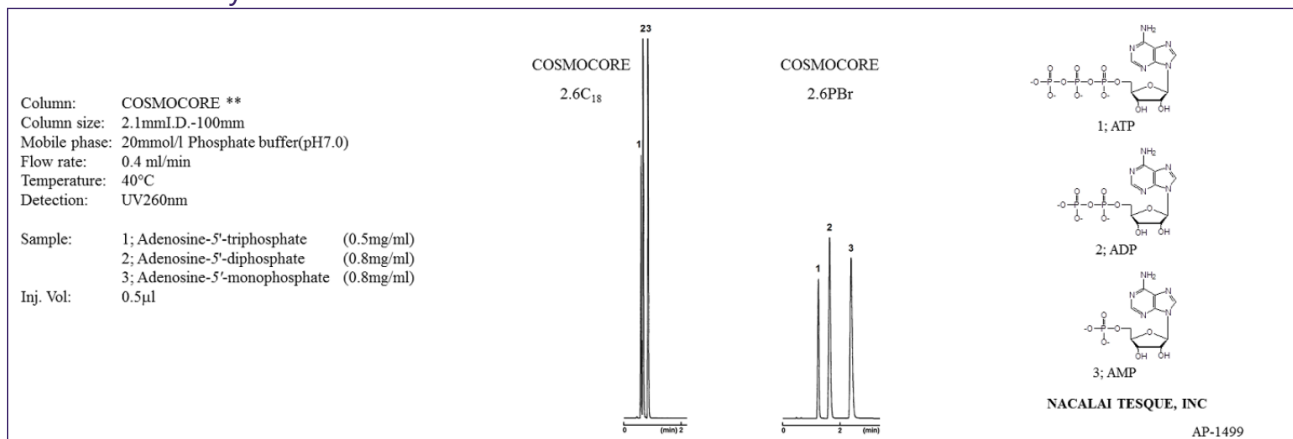
COSMOSIL PBr retains cyclic compounds or amide compounds more strongly than C18 columns.



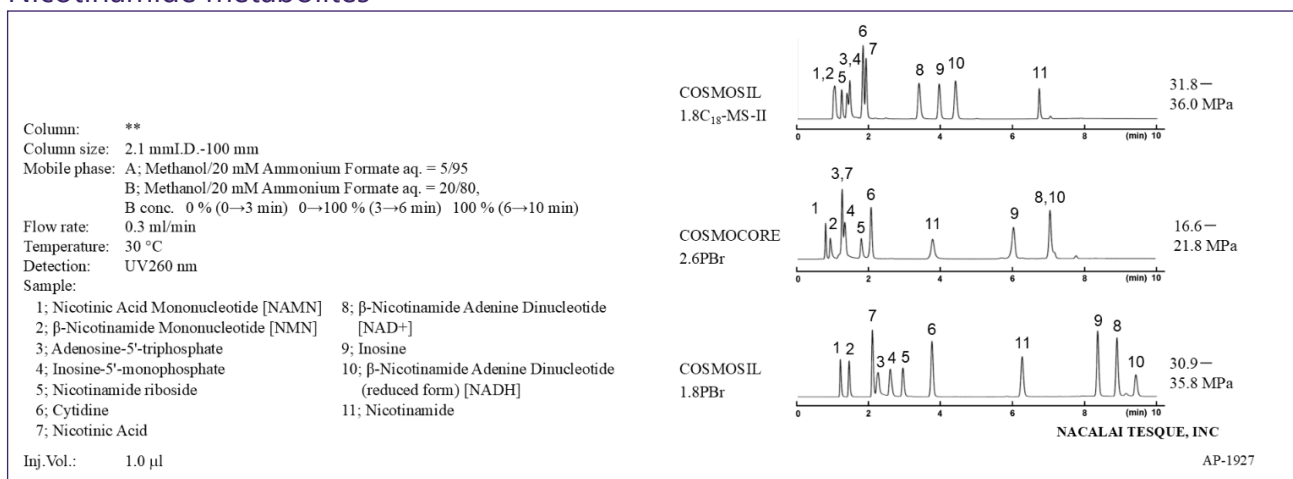
Mobile Phase:

- (1) Methanol : 20 mmol/L Phosphate Buffer (pH 7.0) = 10 : 90
- (2) 20 mmol/L Phosphate Buffer (pH 2.5)
- (3) 20 mmol/L Phosphate Buffer (pH 7.0)
- (4) Methanol : Water = 10 : 90

Nucleotide analysis



Nicotinamide metabolites



Ordering information

For more information, please visit our website by scanning the QR code below.



COSMOSIL PBr
 COSMOCORE PBr



COSMOSIL Cholester
 COSMOCORE Cholester



COSMOSIL πNAP



COSMOSIL Application
 (HPLC / UHPLC / SFC)

Nacalai USA
 Innovations for Life Sciences.



NACALAI USA, INC.

6625 Top Gun Street, Suite 107, San Diego, CA 92121

TEL : 858-404-0403

Website : www.nacalaiusa.com

Email : info@nacalaiusa.com